# STANDARD RULES TO BE OBSERVED BY THE APPLICANT FOR THE ISSUE OF CERTIFICATES OF ORIGIN OR THE CERTIFICATION OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE DOCUMENTATION

The **Coventry and Warwickshire Chamber of Commerce**, is an issuing authority by Her Majesty's Government under EC Regulation No. 2454/93 for granting and/or certifying officially prescribed Certificates of Origin, which operates in this regard under the guidance and conditions of the Association of British Chambers of Commerce.

The following rules (herein referred to as "the Standard Rules") have been designed to render as simple and as equitable as possible the procedure and formalities connected with the issue of Certificates of Origin and the Certification of international trade documents, and to secure uniformity of practice between all issuing bodies. The issuing body, as an authorised issuing authority, has undertaken to enforce the Standard Rule and any alteration or modification thereof as may from time to time be approved by the Association of British Chambers of Commerce. Before Certification by the issuing body of any documents it is a condition that each applicant shall give, in writing, an undertaking to conform with, and bound by, the Standard Rules operative at the time of Certification.

# RULE 1 Certificates of Origin

- a) Certificates of Origin presented for certification must be on the official forms, which have been obtained from the Issuing Body. Each Certificate, Copy Certificate and Application form must, in all aspects, comply with the requirements of the authority whose certificates are to be issued and must be prepared and completed in accordance with any regulations, rules and instructions published by that authority and with any instructions, rules or notes on the forms.
- b) A copy of the export invoice, signed in accordance with Rule 3, in respect of the goods described in the Certificate of Origin must be produced with the Certificate, unless otherwise authorised by the issuing body.
- c) The goods must be described according to their commercial description which must be the same as appears in the export invoice. If the space reserved in the Certificate for the description of the goods is insufficient the applicant must:

Either: use two or more Certificate forms according to the space required; in this event the official number of the second and any further Certificate forms must be inserted in its place; each form should be noted with the number of the Certificate forms which in total comprise the Certificate of Origin (e.g. "page 1 of 3 pages"."Page 2 of 3 pages" etc)

Or: firmly and permanently attach a copy of the export invoice, signed in accordance with Rule 3, to the Certificate, to each copy Certificate and to the Application Form. A general description of the goods and the words "According to the attached Invoice

No. ..... dated ......" Must be inserted in the space for the description of the goods on each of the forms.

# **Export Invoices**

d) Where it is necessary for a Certificate of Origin or any other certificate to be on the export invoice, applicants must present the invoice bearing the requisite exporters declaration. Invoices must be presented in such number as may be specified by any requirements of the particular country to which the goods are being consigned or as required to meet reasonable commercial needs. The declaration on the original and on each copy invoice must be signed in accordance with Rule 3.

#### **Certificates and Invoices**

e) A copy of each document submitted to the issuing body for certification must be supplied for retention by the issuing body and must bear the signature of the person who signed the original declaration.

## **RULE 2**

It is the responsibility of the applicant to make the appropriate declaration of origin of any goods, which are the subject of an application for a Certificate of Origin. The origin of the goods must be determined in accordance with the terms of the relevant Regulations of the European Communities.

In order that the issuing body may be satisfied as to the accuracy of the declaration, the following conditions must be met:

- a) An applicant is to make available for examination by the issuing body, when required, his books and records. The issuing body shall have the right also to inspect the goods and to make enquiries from other firms or organisations stated by the applicant to have been involved in manufacturing, applying any process to, or supplying the goods. Additionally, the issuing body have the right to make any further enquiries it deems necessary.
- b) Where the goods have been manufactured or processed by the applicant he/she must declare or otherwise detail the processes performed by him/her, on the reverse of the application form in accordance with the requirements of the certifying authority.
- c) If the goods were not manufactured by the applicant, the applicant must state the name and address of the manufacturer and support the application by making available for inspection when requested by the issuing body, the invoice/s of the manufacturers or suppliers bearing a signed declaration as to the origin of the goods. Where commercial confidentiality requires it and the instructions of the authority allow it, the statement about the manufacturer must be shown on the Application form only, but may be omitted from the Certificate and from any copies of the Certificate.

- d) In cases of re-exportation the applicant must produce evidence to identify the re-exported goods with the previously imported and support the declaration of origin by producing;
  - I) a Certificate of Origin of a responsible body in the country of export, or
  - II) a declaration by the actual producer or manufacturer of the goods, or
  - III) a copy of the import entry against which the goods were cleared by H.M. Customs, or
  - IV) in the case of goods bought from a third party, a signed statement from that party declaring the origin of the goods.
  - f) The applicant must provide any further information the issuing body deems necessary.

## **RULE 3**

All applicants for the Certificates of Origin, all declarations made in connection with such applications and all declarations on invoices, or on other documents for which certification is sought, must be signed by principals, i.e.

- a) in case of a sole trader, by the proprietor himself;
- b) in the case of a partnership, by a partner of the firm,
- c) in the case of a corporate body, by the Director or the Secretary

Alternatively, declarations etc may be signed by a dually authorised official or agent of a sole trader, firm or corporate body. In the case of such officials or agents a letter of authority signed by the proprietor, a partner of the firm or a Director or the Secretary of the corporate body, together with a specimen signature of the person concerned, must be deposited with the issuing body. The issuing body must be notified of any changes and the list of authorised signatories must be kept up to date.

#### **RULE 4**

If at any time any declarations made by an applicant or anyone providing supporting evidence should be called into question by any competent person or authority and the applicant does not, within seven days of being notified by the issuing body, satisfy the issuing body that the declaration or evidence was authentic, the issuing body shall be at liberty to communicate particulars of the case to the appropriate authorities.

#### **RULE 5**

The Standard Rules may from time to time be altered, amended or replaced by new Rules approved by the Association of British Chambers of Commerce. Any such modifications, alterations or replacements, and the date from which such shall be affective, will be made known by the issuing body in writing. From the date on which any such modification, alteration or replacement of the rules takes effect, applicants will be deemed to have had notice of it and be bound thereby.

#### **RULE 6**

Notwithstanding anything contained in the forgoing Rules, the issuing body reserves to itself the right, at any time and without indication any reason whatsoever, to refuse to verify or certify Certificates of Origin or invoices (or other documents) which may be represented to it for verification or certification.